



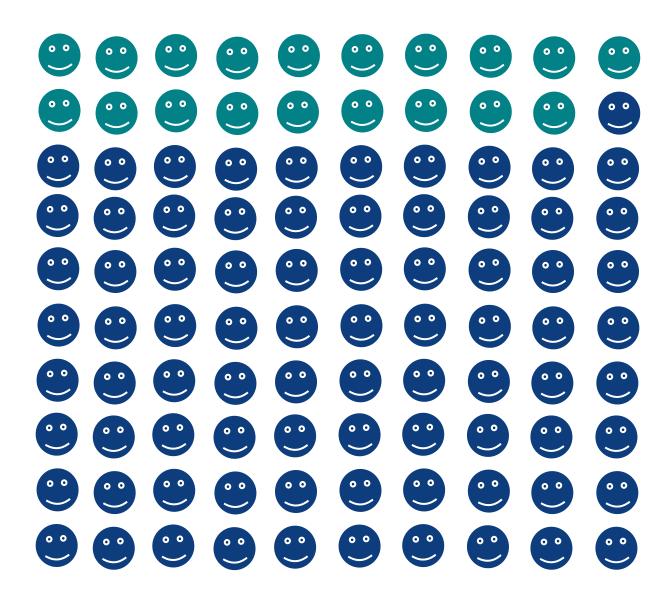
70%

of all agencies have a single owner

#1

risk inside an agency is having no plan



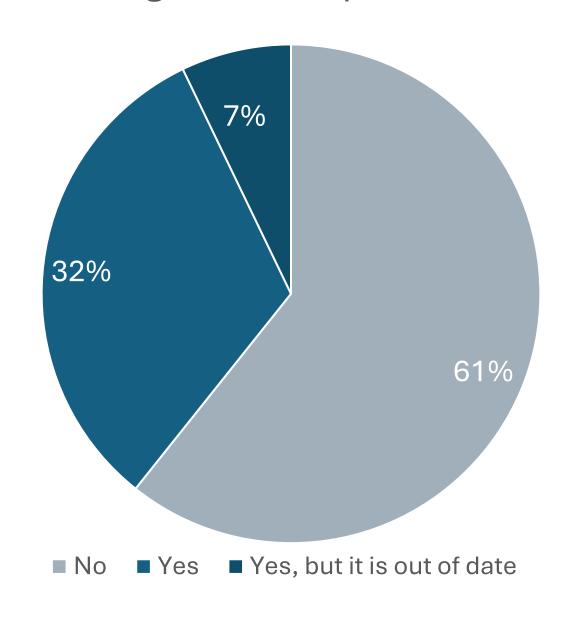


93%
Do NOT
have a written
perpetuation plan

Agency Universe 2022: 89% have some type of a tool or plan in place



ISU ATP Agencies Perpetuation Plans



Common Reasons why agency owners DO NOT have a plan

- Time
- Fear
- No candidates
- Not ready to leave yet
- It is overwhelming to think about



Reasons to have an internal transition plan

- Mitigate risk in an agency sudden unexpected events
- Plan for the future systematic transitions
- Attract and retain talent one of the best advantages in our industry. You can incent high performers that display owner abilities
- Increase the value of your agency



Discussion Topic

Perpetuation Plan Highlights



Activity Break Disaster Preparedness Checklist

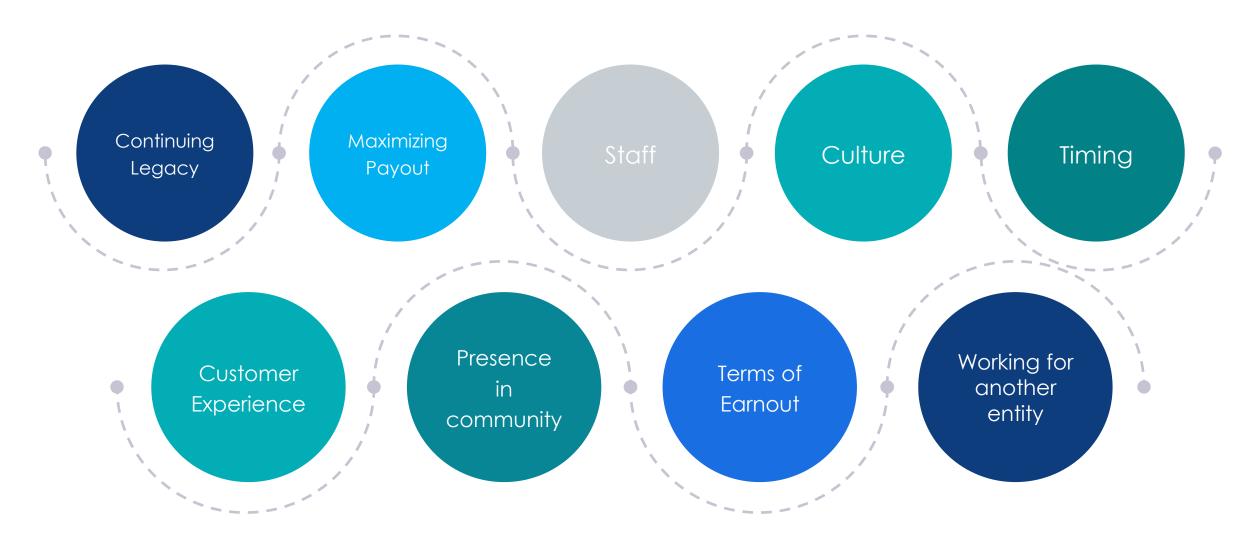
Use this checklist to identify the critical documents, contacts, and access points someone would need if you were unexpectedly unavailable.

Check off what you already have in place and note where improvements are needed.

Step #1 Define what is most important to you!



Decision: What matters most?





- Timing
- Ongoing involvement
- Time to Mentor
- Willingness & Ability of Potential Successor
- Need to Hire/Replace
- Contribution prior to ownership
- Partner Timing & Expectations





Fair Market Valuation

It's not just a number.



Benchmarks for your agency



Understand the factors driving your Fair Market Value

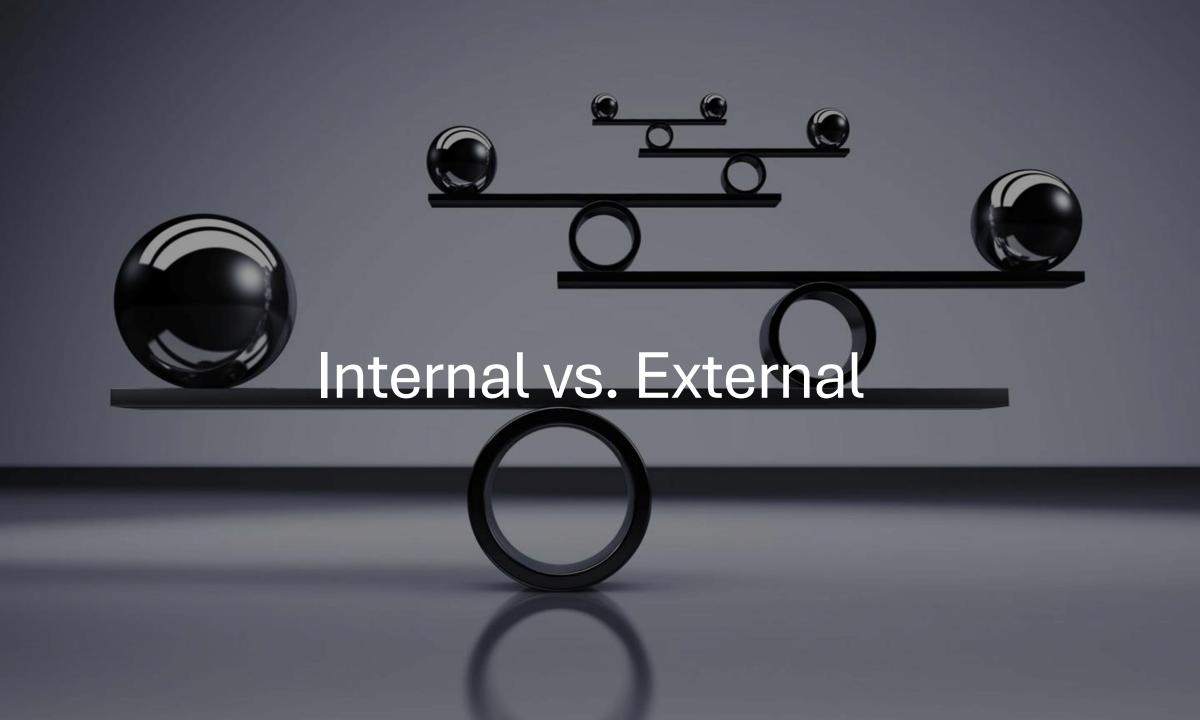


Identify your Risk Factors



Identify the actions you can take to improve your value.







Identify Players in an Internal Transition or External Process?

- Partners
- Potential Successors
- Key Employees
- Key Partners and Contacts
- Resources to assist in the event of a sudden unexpected life event
- Compensation



Questions Current Agency Owners

- Do all owners share the same desire to perpetuate?
- Do agency owners understand and appreciate the personal goals of each owner, including their plans for retirement?
- Candidates
 - · Have you defined the criteria for your successors
- Financial
 - Can you afford to retire?
 - Continued income?
- Timing







Activity Break Owner Dependency Risk Assessment

Score each item from 1 to 5 (1 = High Risk, 5 = Low Risk).

This assessment helps you identify where your agency relies too heavily on the owner and where you can begin building independence.



Incoming Owners Question s To Consider

- Goals in the next 3-5 years
- In what areas would you like to take on additional responsibilities?
 - Management
 - Production
 - Other
- Given your current responsibilities, will you be able to take on additional responsibilities?
- How would you transition your current duties to enable you to accept additional responsibilities?
- Do you want to increase ownership / become an owner?
- Willingness to take on personal debt?





Activity Break Successor Matrix Questionnaire

Think about the key people your agency depends on whether they're formal leaders or not.

Use the questions provided to identify who's in place, who might be missing, and how prepared your team is for the future.

Factors Impacting Internal Sale Model

- Current Owner Compensation
- Benefits & Perks
- Ongoing involvement and compensation
- New Owner Compensation
- Hiring Needs
- Change management
- Price expectations
- Bank Loan/Owner Financing
- Deal Structure/Time
- Gifting/Discounts





THINGS THE POTENTIAL OWNER SHOULD DO

- Communicate
- Learn about the business
- Are they ready?
 - Financial
 - Personal
 - Professional
- Timing
- Cultural Fit
- Seek out advice







Step #3 - Build your Team



What will they need to know?

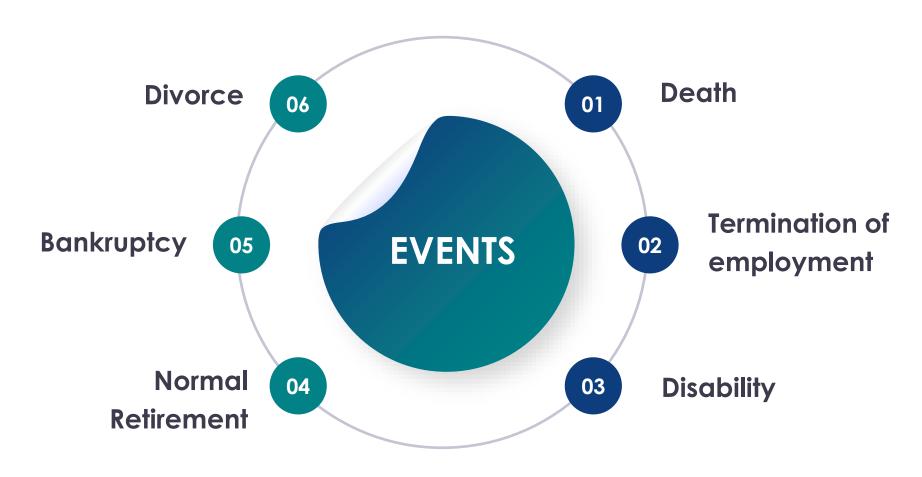
- Logins & Passwords
- Key functions & responsibilities
- Contacts for Carriers, Banks, Advisors
- Resources available to assist your family & team in the event of a sudden unexpected life event



Contingency Buy-Sell Agreement



Consider the Triggering Events

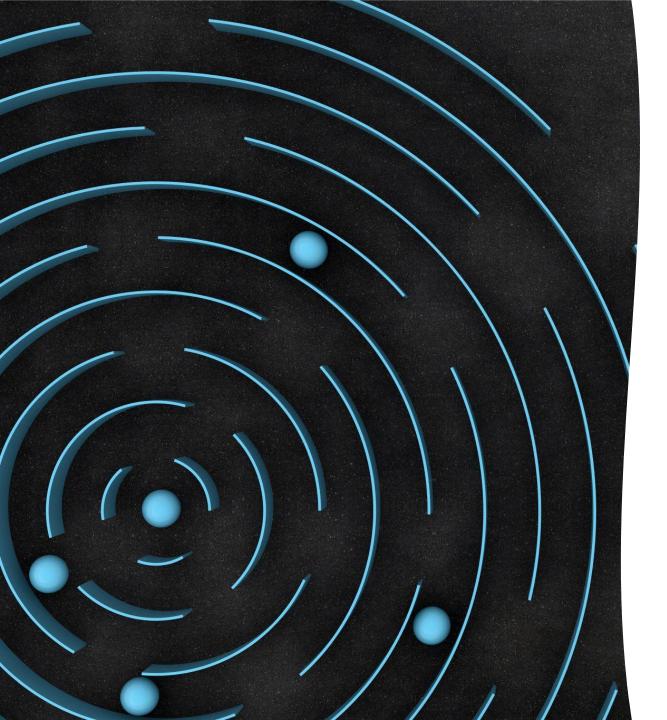




Define the funding sources?

Cash & Investments
Life Insurance
Disability Coverage
Line of Credit
Loan – owner held vs. bank





Common Mistakes

- Waiting too long
- Unrealistic Price
- Lack of communication
- Unrealistic expectations

current and next generation

• Not willing to invest in expertise & go it alone

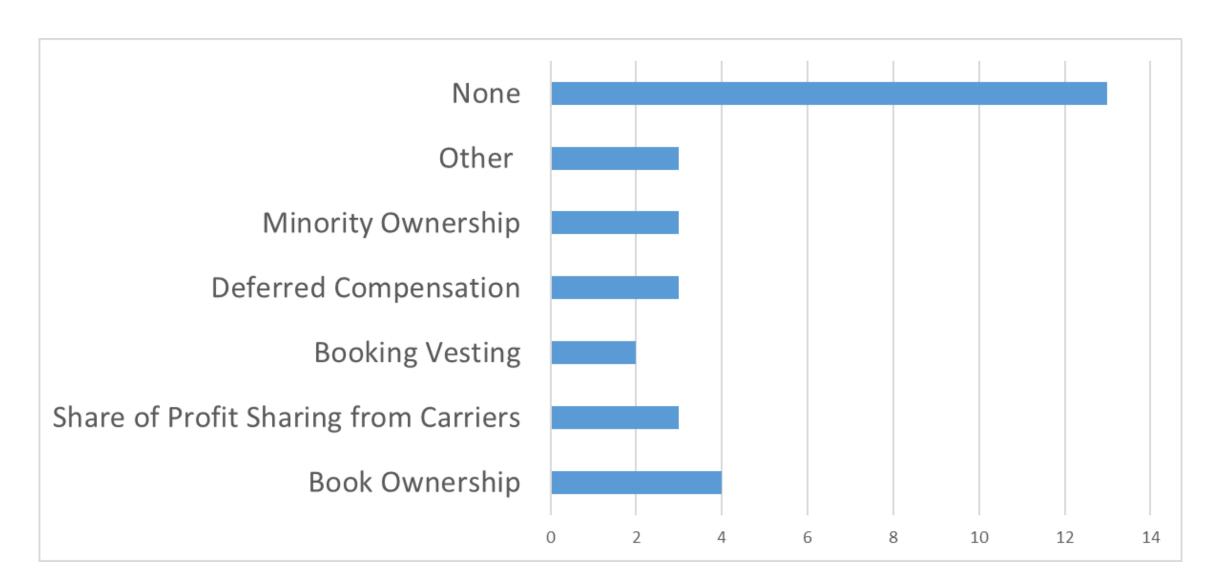
(legal, financial or valuation)

Inadequate Documentation



Building Incentive Programs

Group Current Incentive Strategy



People

your biggest asset

- Compensation Structure
- Benefits
- Employee & Producer Contracts
- W-2 vs. 1099
- Producer-owned Books
- Pathway to ownership





1099 Definition

The biggest distinction between a W-2 employee and 1099 worker is the amount of control you have over them. With a W-2 employee, you have the right to direct the work being performed. That means giving instruction and providing the tools, training, and equipment to complete the work. You also set their hours and schedules.

Conversely, the general rule is that a worker is an independent contractor if you have the right to control only the result of the work, not what will be done, how, or when. As a result, 1099 contractors use their own methods and tools for completing work. Even though they may work for a specific project or period, they do it on their own schedule. And they can provide similar services to other businesses and can accept or turn down work opportunities as they wish.

- **Behavioral Control**: Do you have the right to control what the worker does and how? If so, they're likely an employee. If, on the other hand, the worker has freedom and discretion in performing the work, they're probably a contractor.
- **Financial Control**: Do you control the business aspects of the worker's job, like how they're paid and whether expenses are reimbursed? If the answer's yes, they are more likely an employee. But if the worker incurs their own expenses, that points more to a contractor arrangement.
- **Relationship**: Does your company have an ongoing relationship with the worker and are there benefits? If you answer yes to this, then you probably have an employee. Ditto if the work performed is a key aspect of your business.



Considerations to Select the right incentive option

- What is the purpose?
- What behaviors are you trying to incentivize?
- Who is eligible? current & future positions
- What % of the company will be reserved for the plan?
- Will participants receive base value or only the growth over the base value?
- Is the potential payout in line with the company's compensation and business objectives over the same timeperiod?
- Frequency of grants
- Vesting Schedule and triggers death, disability, retirement, etc.
- Valuation method formula or valuation
- Timing for cash payouts and mechanism (lump payments or installments)
- Does it include profit-sharing rights?

	Stock	Phantom Stock	Compensation Incentive	Book Ownership
Reward	Past, current & future performance NO retention component	Past, current & future performance YES retention component	Past, current & future performance YES retention component	Past, current & future performance YES retention component
Eligibility	Anyone	ERISA limit to "select group of management or highly compensated"	Anyone	Anyone
Compensation	Not deferred comp	Non-qualified deferred comp subject to 409A	Can have deferred component.	Compensation based on exit.
Grant/Award	Set # Shares			
Dilution	Will dilute owners, may not impact voting rights	None	None	Will dilute overall ownership in valuation and sale
Funding	Not Applicable	No requirement to fund at inception	Based on defined Agreement	No requirement to fund at inception
Vesting	Does not apply	Can use to incent ongoing employment	Can use to incent ongoing employment	Determined by exit clause

	Stock	Phantom Stock	Compensation Incentive	Book Ownership
Forfeiture	Can not require – must be defined in a triggering event	Can impact the vested or entire amount	Can impact the entire amount based on contract	Not applicable
Income Tax	Upon receipt of award	Upon payment	Upon payment	Upon payment
Social Security Tax	When shares are awarded, and employee recognizes compensation	When earned and not subject to forfeiture	Upon payment	
Payment	At the discretion of the company owners	Triggering event	Per Contract	Upon Exit
Company Deduction	Upon award	When paid	Not Applicable	Not applicable
Governance	Need review and amend current articles of Incorporation and By-Laws	None	None	None
Other Considerations	One Time and relatively simple	Ongoing administration	Simple agreement	Simple agreement



Things to Consider

- Purpose
- Eligibility
- Incentive
- Tax implications
- Funding
- Flexibility
- Dilution of existing shareholders
- Transferability
- Cost
- Requirements to setup/maintain
- Agency Ownership & Value

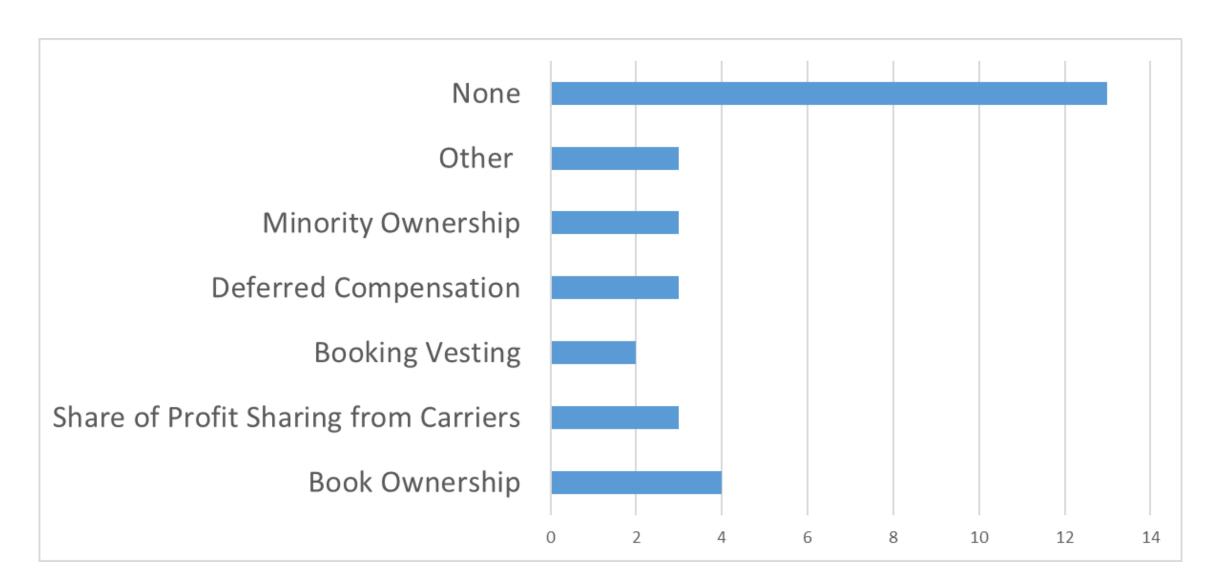


Activity Break Incentive Strategy Brainstorm

Now that you've identified your key people, brainstorm what would motivate them to stay, grow, or take on more responsibility.

Use the prompts to explore financial, cultural, or career incentives that fit your agency.

Group Current Incentive Strategy



Discussion Topic

Incentive Strategy Brainstorm

- What incentive programs have you put in place?
- What's worked? What hasn't worked?
- Do you have different incentive programs for producers, service & admin? How do they differ?



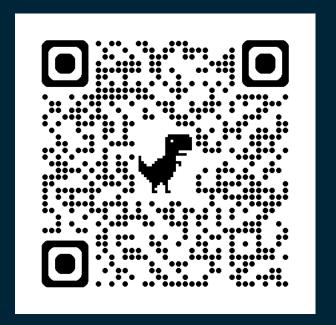
Activity Break Perpetuation Action Plan

Use this worksheet to reflect on today's activities and outline your next steps.

Summarize key risks, gaps, and opportunities, then commit to 2–3 actions you'll take in the next 90 days.

Thank You!

- Key Terms for a Buy-Sell Agreement
- Perpetuation Questionnaire
- Due Diligence Checklist
- Checklist of Considerations for Acquisitions
- Valuation Metrics
- Calculating EBITDA
- Value Drivers



Upcoming Meetings Reminder:

- May 8th from 2-4pm
- June 17th from 2-4pm

